

We have considered the following special case :

**Question** Can any transpose-dual pair  $(B, B')$  (in the sense of Ebeling-Ploog) extend to a lattice dual pair, namely, when the singularity  $B$  (resp.  $B'$ ) is associated to a family  $\mathcal{F}_\Delta$  (resp.  $\mathcal{F}_{\Delta'}$ ) of  $K3$  surfaces, does the duality

$$(\sharp) \quad \text{Pic}(\Delta)_{\Lambda_{K3}}^\perp \simeq U \oplus \text{Pic}(\Delta')$$

hold ?

In [2], we found some examples of transpose-dual pairs of singularities that extend to the duality  $(\sharp)$ . However, there were still open cases existed.

So, in [1], we have found candidates for satisfying the duality  $(\sharp)$  by constructing appropriate families :

**Main Theorem.** *For each of the following transpose-dual pairs*

$$(Z_{1,0}, Z_{1,0}), (U_{1,0}, U_{1,0}), (Q_{17}, Z_{2,0}), (W_{1,0}, W_{1,0}),$$

*there exist compactifications  $F, F'$  of defining polynomials and reflexive polytopes  $\Delta$  and  $\Delta'$  such that the conditions  $(**)$  are satisfied:*

$$(**) \quad \Delta^* \simeq \Delta', \Delta_F \subset \Delta, \Delta_{F'} \subset \Delta', \quad \text{and} \quad \text{rk } L_0(\Delta) = 0.$$

*Therefore, the pair of associated families  $\mathcal{F}_\Delta$  and  $\mathcal{F}_{\Delta'}$  is a candidate of the duality  $(\sharp)$  in the sense that for the ranks  $\rho(\Delta), \rho(\Delta')$  of Picard lattices of the families,  $\rho(\Delta) + \rho(\Delta') = 20$  holds.  $\square$*

In [1], it is conjectured that there do not exist reflexive polytopes for transpose-dual pairs  $(Z_{13}, J_{3,0}), (Z_{17}, Q_{2,0}), (U_{16}, U_{16}), (W_{17}, S_{1,0}), (W_{18}, W_{18}), (S_{17}, X_{2,0})$  of singularities satisfying the condition  $(**)$ .

In conclusion, we also conjecture that for each of the dual pairs

$$(Z_{1,0}, Z_{1,0}), (U_{1,0}, U_{1,0}), (Q_{17}, Z_{2,0}), (W_{1,0}, W_{1,0}),$$

the pair of families  $(\mathcal{F}_\Delta, \mathcal{F}_{\Delta'})$  obtained in the **Main Theorem** satisfies the relation

$$(\sharp) \quad \text{Pic}(\Delta)_{\Lambda_{K3}}^\perp \simeq U \oplus \text{Pic}(\Delta').$$

## References

- [1] MASE, M. Polytope duality for families of  $K3$  surfaces associated to transpose duality. *to appear in Commentarii Math. St. Pauli.*
- [2] MASE, M. A mirror duality for families of  $K3$  surfaces associated to bimodular singularities. *Manuscripta Math.(online 26 September 2015) 149, 3–4 (2016), 389–404.*