## Summaries of researches and results (Masataka Iwai)

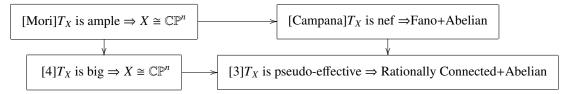
I outline my papers [3][4][5] on my list of publications. My major is **complex algebraic geometry.** I research about a classification of algebraic varieties (closed sub-manifolds in  $\mathbb{CP}^N$ ) by using methods of **algebraic geometry, complex geometry and several complex analysis.** 

## Research A. The structure theorems of varieties with positive tangent bundles.

It is known that the structures of algebraic varieties are restricted if tangent bundles  $T_X$  or anticanonical divisors  $-K_X := \det T_X$  are positive. A typical example is Mori's theorem: "If  $T_X$  is ample, then X is biholomorphic to  $\mathbb{CP}^{n}$ ".

In addition to ample, the concept of positivity used in algebraic geometry includes nef, big, and pseudo-effective, and there is a relationship as shown in the

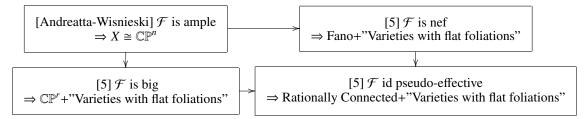
table on the right. Therefore, even if  $T_X$  is nef, big, or pseudo-effective, the structure of algebraic varieties is expected to be restricted. In fact, Campana et al. proved that if  $T_X$  is nef, then X consists of Fano varieties (varieties with ample aniticanonical divisors) and Abelian varieties (tori). In Research A, I studied the structures of algebraic varieties when  $T_X$  is big or pseudo-effective. We summarize including previous researches, and it is as follows. (The paper [3] is a joint work with Shin-ichi Matsumura and Genki Hosono in Tohoku University.)



It is well known that  $\mathbb{CP}^n$  is Fano and that Fano varieties are rationally connected. Therefore, Research A is a genelarization of previous studies. The classification of algebraic varieties with positive tangent bundles has been completed, since pseudo-effective is the weakest positivity used in algebraic geometry.

## Research B. The structure theorems of varieties whose tangent bundles contain positive subbundles.

Peternell proposed that the structure of X will be restricted even if the subbundle  $\mathcal{F}$  of  $T_X$  has positivity (ample, nef, and so on). In fact, Andreatta-Wisnieski proved that if  $\mathcal{F}$  is ample, then X is biholomorphic to  $\mathbb{CP}^n$ . In Research B, I studied the structure of X if  $T_X$  contains a positive subbundle foliation  $\mathcal{F}$ . We summarize including previous researches, and it is as follows.



"Varieties with flat foliations" are classified by Druel et al. In particular, if  $T_X$  is flat, then X is a finite quotient of Abelian varieties. Therefore Research B is a generalization of the structure theorem in Research A.

