

数学演習 B.2.5

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$$F_{i,j} = \begin{cases} E_{i,j}, & \text{if } i \neq j, 1 \leq i, j \leq n \\ E_{i+1,j+1} - E_{i,j}, & \text{if } i = j, 1 \leq i, j < n \end{cases}$$

と定義するこの時これが $M'_n(\mathbf{R})$ の基底となることを示す

$$\sum_{i,j} c_{i,j} F_{i,j} = 0 (i = j = n \text{ のときは除く})$$

を考える

展開し成分を比べることにより

$$c_{i,j} = 0 (i \neq j)$$

$$-c_{1,1} = 0, c_{n,n} = 0, c_{i-1,i-1} - c_{i,i} = 0 (2 \leq i < n-1)$$

従って、 $c_{i,j} = 0$ で $F_{i,j}$ は線形独立

$n=1$ の時、明らか $M'_1(\mathbf{R}) = \{\emptyset\}$ で次元は 0

$n=2$ の時、 $\forall X \in M'_2(\mathbf{R})$ をとる $\exists a, b, c \in \mathbf{R}, X = \begin{bmatrix} -b & c \\ a & b \end{bmatrix}$ この時 $X = bF_{1,1} + aF_{2,1} + cF_{1,2}$

よって基底は $F_{1,1}, F_{1,2}, F_{2,1}$

$n \geq 3$ の時、 $\forall X \in M'_n(\mathbf{R})$ をとる $\exists c_{i,j} (0 < i, j \leq n) \in \mathbf{R}, \sum_{k=1}^n c_{k,k} = 0, X = \sum_{i,j} c_{i,j} E_{i,j}$

ここで $X = \sum_{i \neq j} c_{i,j} E_{i,j} + \sum_{k=1}^n c_{k,k} E_{k,k}$ で

また

$$\sum_{k=1}^n c_{k,k} E_{k,k} = c_{1,1} E_{1,1} - \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} c_{k,k} E_{n,n} + \sum_{k=1}^n c_{k,k} E_{n,n} + \sum_{k=2}^{n-1} \{ -(\sum_{i=1}^{k-1} c_{i,i}) E_{k,k} + (\sum_{i=1}^k c_{i,i}) E_{k,k} \}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n c_{k,k} E_{n,n} - \sum_{k=2}^n (\sum_{i=1}^{k-1} c_{i,i}) E_{k,k} + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (\sum_{i=1}^k c_{i,i}) E_{k,k}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n c_{k,k} E_{n,n} - \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (\sum_{i=1}^k c_{i,i}) E_{k+1,k+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (\sum_{i=1}^k c_{i,i}) E_{k,k}$$

$$= -\sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (\sum_{i=1}^k c_{i,i}) E_{k+1,k+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (\sum_{i=1}^k c_{i,i}) E_{k,k} (\because \sum_{k=1}^n c_{k,k} = 0)$$

$$= -\sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (\sum_{i=1}^k c_{i,i}) (E_{k+1,k+1} - E_{k,k})$$

$$= -\sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (\sum_{i=1}^k c_{i,i}) F_{k,k}$$

$$\text{よって } X = \sum_{i \neq j} c_{i,j} E_{i,j} + \sum_{k=1}^n c_{k,k} E_{k,k} = \sum_{i \neq j} c_{i,j} F_{i,j} - \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (\sum_{i=1}^k c_{i,i}) F_{k,k}$$

よって基底は $F_{i,j} (1 \leq i, j \leq n \text{ ただし } i = j = n \text{ を除く})$ で次元は $n^2 - 1$ これは $n = 1, 2$ の時も

成り立つ