

2022/04/19

Prop 1.2.11 (1)  $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$

(i) (c) [  $\forall x \in (A \cup B)^c, x \in A^c \cap B^c$  ]

$\forall x \in (A \cup B)^c$  に対し

[  $\exists x \in A^c \cap B^c$  ]

$x \in (A \cup B)^c \Rightarrow (x \notin A \cup B \text{ かつ })$

$\neg(x \in A \cup B)$

$\therefore \neg(x \in A \vee x \in B)$

$\therefore (\neg x \in A) \wedge (\neg x \in B)$

$\therefore (x \notin A) \wedge (x \notin B)$

$\therefore x \in A^c \wedge x \in B^c$

$\therefore x \in A^c \cap B^c \quad //$

(ii) 同様 //

(2) 同様 //

Ex 1.2.17 (1)  $U \cup \mathbb{R} = \mathbb{R}$

☹ (c)  $\mathbb{R}$  基底.

$$(c) \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{示す: } U \cup \mathbb{R} \\ \text{即ち } \forall x \in \mathbb{R}, x \in U \cup \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ 存在}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{示す: } x \in U \\ \text{即ち, } \exists A \in \mathcal{U} : x \in A \end{array} \right]$$

$x$  の整数部を  $n$  とすると,

$$n \in \mathbb{Z}, n \leq x < n+1$$

$A := (n-1, n+1)$  とすると,  $A \in \mathcal{U}$

$$\left[ \text{示す: } x \in A \right]$$

$$n-1 < n \leq x < n+1 \text{ より}$$

$$x \in (n-1, n+1) = A //$$

$$(2) \quad \mathcal{U} = \{(-a, a) \mid a > 0\}, \quad \bigcap \mathcal{U} = \{0\}$$

$$\textcircled{!} (c) \left[ \begin{array}{l} \exists \epsilon > 0: \bigcap \mathcal{U} = \{0\} \\ \text{i.e., } \forall x \in \{0\}, x \in \bigcap \mathcal{U} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\forall x \in \{0\} \quad \exists \epsilon > 0$$

$$\forall \epsilon > 0 \quad x = 0.$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \exists \epsilon > 0: x \in \bigcap \mathcal{U} \\ \text{i.e., } \forall A \in \mathcal{U}, x \in A \end{array} \right]$$

$$\forall A \in \mathcal{U} \quad \exists \epsilon > 0.$$

$$\left[ \exists \epsilon > 0: x \in A \right]$$

$$A \in \mathcal{U} \text{ 对 } \exists a > 0: A = (-a, a)$$

$$a > 0 \text{ 对 } 0 \in (-a, a) = A$$

$x''$

//

$$(c) \left[ \begin{array}{l} \exists \text{ } \emptyset: \cap \mathcal{U} \subset \{0\} \\ \text{i.e., } \{0\}^c \subset \mathbb{R} - (\cap \mathcal{U}) \\ \text{i.e., } \forall x \in \{0\}^c, x \notin \cap \mathcal{U} \\ \forall x \in \{0\}^c \exists \emptyset. \end{array} \right]$$

$\forall \emptyset \text{ } x \neq 0.$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \exists \emptyset: x \notin \cap \mathcal{U} \\ \text{i.e., } \neg (\forall A \in \mathcal{U}, x \in A) \\ \text{i.e., } \exists A \in \mathcal{U} : x \notin A \end{array} \right]$$

$$A := \left(-\frac{|x|}{2}, \frac{|x|}{2}\right) \text{ } \emptyset \in \mathcal{U}.$$

$$x \neq 0 \text{ } \Rightarrow \frac{|x|}{2} > 0, \therefore A \in \mathcal{U}.$$

$$\left[ \exists \emptyset: x \notin A \right]$$

$$|x| > \frac{|x|}{2} \text{ } \Rightarrow \text{ } x \notin A \quad //$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{|x|}{2} < x \\ \text{or} \\ -x < -\frac{|x|}{2} \end{array} \right)$$