

2022/05/06

Rem 1.4.11

$$(1) \quad f(A) = B \Leftrightarrow f(A) \supset B$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall b \in B, \underbrace{b \in f(A)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists a \in A : b = f(a)$$

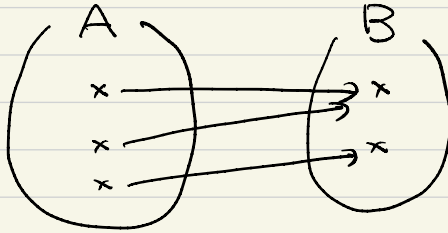
$$\Leftrightarrow f: \text{全射}$$

$$(2) \quad f: \text{单射} \Leftrightarrow \forall a, a' \in A (f(a) = f(a'), a = a')$$

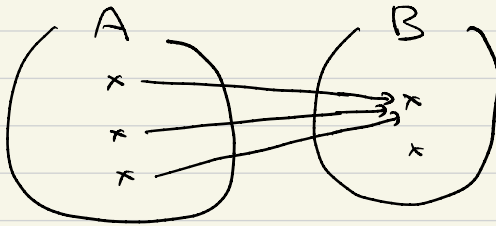
$$\Leftrightarrow \forall a, a' \in A, \underbrace{f(a) = f(a') \Rightarrow a = a'}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \underbrace{a \neq a' \Rightarrow f(a) \neq f(a')}$$

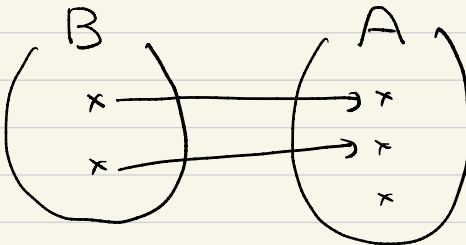
Ex. 1.4.12



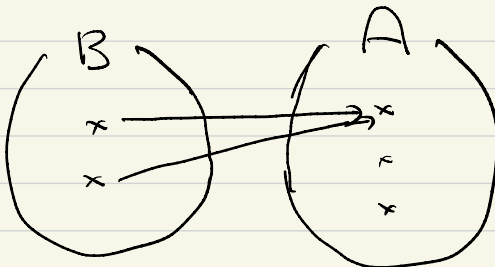
全射  
(単射ではない)



全射ではない  
(単射ではない)



単射  
(全射ではない)



単射ではない  
(全射ではない)

Ex 1.4.13  $f: A \rightarrow A: a \mapsto a$  は全単射 (bijection)

( $\Rightarrow$ ) 全射  $\exists$  証明

[ 証明:  $\forall b \in A, \exists a \in A: b = f(a)$  ]

$\forall b \in A$  に対し.

[ 証明:  $\exists a \in A: b = f(a)$  ]

$a := b \in A$  である.

[ 証明:  $b = f(a)$  ]

$f(a) = a = b$  //

単射  $\exists$  証明

[ 証明:  $\forall a, a' \in A (f(a) = f(a'), a = a')$  ]

$\forall a, a' \in A (f(a) = f(a'))$  に対し.

[ 証明:  $a = a'$  ]

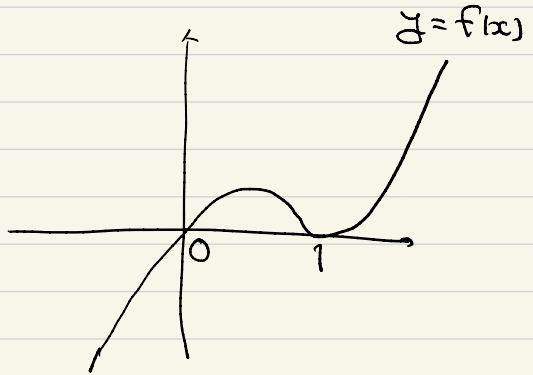
$a = f(a) = f(a') = a'$  //

Ex. 1.4.14

$$(2) f(x) = x^3 - x$$

全射: 中間値の定理

( 変形と証明の  
図解 )



単射と否

$$\textcircled{\text{!}} \left[ \text{示す: } \exists a, a' \in \mathbb{R} ( f(a) = f(a') : a \neq a' ) \right]$$

$$a = 0, a' = 1 \text{ とする.}$$

$$f(a) = f(0) = 0 = f(1) = f(a')$$

$$\left[ \text{示す: } a \neq a' \right]$$

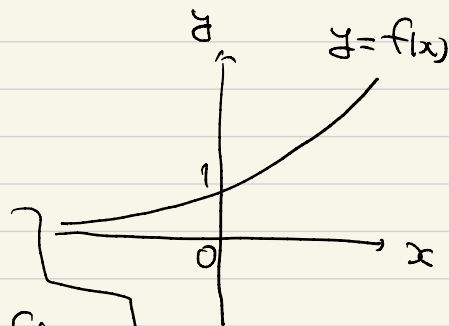
$$a = 0 \neq 1 = a'$$

//

$$(3) f(x) = e^x$$

全射性

$$\textcircled{\therefore} \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{全射性: } \exists b \in \mathbb{R} : \\ \forall a \in \mathbb{R}, b \neq f(a) \end{array} \right]$$



$$b := -1 \quad \text{とすると, } b \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\left[ \text{全射性: } \forall a \in \mathbb{R}, b \neq f(a) \right]$$

$$\forall a \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{とある}$$

$$\left[ \text{全射性: } b \neq f(a) \right]$$

$$f(a) = e^a > 0 > -1 = b \quad //$$

単射性

$$\textcircled{\therefore} \left[ \text{全射性: } \forall a, a' \in \mathbb{R} (f(a) = f(a')), a = a' \right]$$

$$\forall a, a' \in \mathbb{R} (f(a) = f(a')) \quad \text{とある}$$

$$\left[ \text{全射性: } a = a' \right]$$

$$e^a = f(a) = f(a') = e^{a'} \quad \text{の } \log \quad \text{とすると } a = a' //$$

Prop. 1.4.16 (1)

☺ [  $\exists$   $b \in f(P_1) \cap f(P_2)$  ]

$\forall b \in f(P_1) \cap f(P_2)$   $\exists$   $a$

[  $\exists$   $a \in P_1 \cap P_2 : b = f(a)$  ]

$b \in f(P_1) \cap f(P_2)$   $\Rightarrow$

$b \in f(P_1) \wedge b \in f(P_2)$

$\therefore \exists a_1 \in P_1 : b = f(a_1) \wedge \exists a_2 \in P_2 : b = f(a_2)$

$\Rightarrow f(a_1) = b = f(a_2)$  ,  $f$  :  $\{a\} \rightarrow \{b\}$

$a_1 = a_2$

$\therefore a := a_1 = a_2$   $\exists$   $a \in P_1 \cap P_2$

[  $\exists$   $a : b = f(a)$  ]

$f(a) = f(a_1) = b$

//

(2) [証明:  $\forall b \in f(A-P), b \in f(A) - f(P)$ ]

$\forall b \in f(A-P)$  存在

[証明:  $b \in f(A) - f(P)$   
i.e.,  $b \in f(A) \wedge b \notin f(P)$ ]

$b \in f(A-P)$  故

$\exists a \in A-P : b = f(a) \in f(A)$

claim  $b \notin f(P)$

$b \in f(P)$  と仮定すると,

$\exists a' \in P : b = f(a')$

$f$ : 単射 故,  $f(a) = b = f(a')$  故

$A-P \ni a = a' \in P$  矛盾

$\therefore b \notin f(P)$

//

(3) 小文字

Prop 1.4.17

$$\left[ \text{証す: } \forall b \in Q, b \in f(f^{-1}(Q)) \right]$$

$$\forall b \in Q \exists a$$

$$\left[ \text{証す: } b \in f(f^{-1}(Q)) \right. \\ \left. \text{即, } \exists a \in f^{-1}(Q): b = f(a) \right]$$

$$b \in Q \subset B, f: \text{全射 是}$$

$$\exists a \in A: b = f(a)$$

$$\text{即 } f(a) = b \in Q \text{ 是 } a \in f^{-1}(Q)$$

$$\left[ \text{証す: } b = f(a) \right]$$

$$a \text{ の 存在 是 } b = f(a) \quad //$$