

2022/06/28

Thm 2.310

☺ (1) $\aleph_0 \leq \aleph_0$ ነው። $(\aleph_0 = \aleph_0 = \text{card } \mathbb{N})$

[ክፍት: $\aleph_0 + \aleph_0 = \aleph_0$, ስለዚህ, $\aleph_0 + \aleph_0 \leq \aleph_0$]

$\aleph_0 + \aleph_0 \leq \aleph_0$ ላይ \exists ማረጋገጫ

[ክፍት: $\exists A, A' : \text{card } A = \text{card } A' = \aleph_0$
 $\text{card } (A \cup A') \leq \aleph_0$]

$A = \mathbb{N}$, $A' = -\mathbb{N}$ ነው።

$\text{card } A = \text{card } A' = \aleph_0$

[ክፍት: $\text{card } (A \cup A') \leq \aleph_0$]

$A \cup A' = (-\mathbb{N}) \cup \mathbb{N} = \mathbb{Z} - \{0\}$

$\text{card } (A \cup A') = \text{card } (\mathbb{Z} - \{0\})$

$\leq \text{card } \mathbb{Z} = \aleph_0$ //

(2) 同様に $C + C \cong C$ を示そう。

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{示す: } \exists A, A' : \text{card } A = \text{card } A' = C \\ \text{card } (A \cup A') \leq C \end{array} \right]$$

$$A := (0, 1), \quad A' := [1, 2)$$

とすれば //

(3) $1 \leq m \leq \aleph$ とす。

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{示す: } \aleph \cup \aleph = \aleph \\ \text{ie, } \aleph \cup \aleph \leq \aleph \\ \text{is } \exists N, A : \text{card } N = m \\ \text{card } A = \aleph \\ \text{card } (N \times A) \leq \aleph \end{array} \right]$$

$$N, A \text{ 且 } \begin{array}{l} \text{card } N = m \\ \text{card } A = \aleph \end{array}$$

とすれば (例 \aleph は \aleph) とす。

N, A は高2可算

\therefore 前に示した = かつ、 $N \times A$ も高2可算

$$\therefore \text{card } (N \times A) \leq \aleph$$

//

(4) $2 \leq n \leq \infty$ खाती.

claim $2^n = 2^n$
(ie, $2^n \leq 2^n$)

∴)

$n \leq 2^n$ हा)

$$\left| \begin{aligned} 2^n &\leq (2^n)^n = 2^{n^2} \quad (\because \text{सूचक नियम}) \\ &= 2^n \quad (\because (3) \text{ नमूना } = \infty \text{ हा}) \end{aligned} \right. //$$

claim $2^n \leq \infty$

$$\left[\begin{aligned} \because \text{सूचक नियम: } \exists X, C : \text{card } X &= 2^n \\ \text{card } C &= 2 \\ \text{card } X &\leq \text{card } C \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$X = \{1, 2, \dots, n\} = \mathbb{N} \cap [1, n], \quad C = \mathbb{R}$$

$$2 = \text{card } C = 2, \quad \text{card } X = 2^n$$

$$\left[\begin{aligned} \because \text{सूचक नियम: } \text{card } X &\leq \text{card } C \\ \text{ie } \exists f : X &\rightarrow C \end{aligned} \right]$$

$\forall x \in X$ (x: $\mathbb{N} \cap [1, n]$) $f(x) = 0$ $\forall x \in X$

claim $\aleph \leq 10^{\aleph} (= 2^{\aleph})$

\therefore $\left[\begin{array}{l} \exists C, X : \text{card } C = \aleph \\ \text{card } X = 10^{\aleph} \\ \text{card } C \leq \text{card } X \end{array} \right]$

$C := (0, 1)$, $X = \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N}, \{0, 1, \dots, 9\})$

$\forall \aleph$, $\text{card } C = \aleph$, $\text{card } X = 10^{\aleph}$.

$\left[\begin{array}{l} \exists f: X \rightarrow C \text{ surj.} \\ \exists x \in X \text{ (} x: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \{0, 1, \dots, 9\} \text{)}$ \end{array} \right]

$f(x) = 0.x(1)x(2)x(3)\dots$

$\forall \aleph$, f is surj. //

(S). (6) is true //